The government has announced that all children should be back in school in September. The prevalence of coronavirus (COVID-19) has decreased, the NHS Test and Trace system is up and running, and it is clearer what measures need to be in place to create safer environments within schools.

Returning to school is vital for children's education and for their wellbeing. Time out of school is detrimental for children's cognitive and academic development, particularly for disadvantaged children. This impact can affect both current levels of learning and children's future ability to learn, and therefore it is necessary to ensure all pupils can return to school sooner rather than later.

Most people who become infected with COVID-19 will experience mild symptoms, such as fever and cough and are unlikely to become severely unwell. The risk to children themselves of becoming severely ill from coronavirus (COVID-19) is very low and there are negative health impacts of being out of school. School is also a vital point of contact for public health and safeguarding services that are critical to the wellbeing of children and families. Lower academic achievement also translates into long-term economic costs due to having a less well-qualified workforce. This affects the standard of living that today's pupils will have over the course of their entire life.

In relation to working in schools, whilst it is not possible to ensure a totally risk-free environment, the Office of National Statistics analysis on coronavirus (COVID-19) related deaths linked to occupations suggest that staff in educational settings tend not to be at any greater risk from the disease than many other occupations. There is no evidence that children transmit the disease any more than adults.

Given the improved position, the balance of risk is now overwhelmingly in favour of children returning to school. For the vast majority of children, the benefits of being back in school far outweigh the very low risk from coronavirus (COVID-19).

While coronavirus (COVID-19) remains in the community, this means making judgments at a school level about how to balance and minimise any risks from coronavirus (COVID-19) with providing a full educational experience for children and young people. Schools will also need to plan for the possibility of school closure as a last resort and how they will ensure continuity of education should the situation change.

The following actions for staff and pupils contribute to reducing the likelihood of COVID-19 transmission:

- Ensuring that if staff, pupils (or anyone in their household) develop symptoms of COVID-19, they stay at home, get <u>tested</u> and follow guidance on <u>household isolation</u>, and ensuring that if staff or pupils are identified as a close contact of someone who has tested positive for COVID-19 by NHS Test and Trace, they stay at home and follow guidance for <u>people of contacts with confirmed coronavirus</u>.
- Washing hands frequently for at least 20 seconds, using soap and water, or hand sanitiser where soap and water are not immediately available;
- Coughing or sneezing into tissues before binning them;
- Avoiding touching the eyes, nose or face;
- <u>Cleaning</u> and disinfecting regularly touched objects and surfaces using regular cleaning products;
- Minimising contact between individuals and maintaining social distancing wherever possible;
- Following government advice and guidance on actions for the full opening of schools

If the above advice is followed carefully, any risk of transmission will be greatly reduced.

Further government guidance can be found at: https://www.gov.uk/government/collections/guidance-for-schools-coronavirus-covid-19 and on coronavirus information on Ealing Grid for Learning

School: The Cardinal Wiseman Catholic School			School address: Greenford Road, Greenford, UB6 9	9AW	Review Date: : To be Monitored and Updated Daily by Head Teacher					
Assessment Date	:		Biological hazard	What/who is being assessed? Biological hazard- Covid-19 within educational settings (This is a generic risk assessment for schools with signposts to the relevant Government guidance. Schools will need to include any specific controls they have in place to this document).						
Name of Assesso	r:			Responsible Person for Actions:						
Task / Activity Area	Hazard	Who might be harmed and how?	What are your existing controls? SLT's to write what is being done now and then refer to Recommended controls: • Possible controls for consideration to be adapted or deleted as necessary	Recommended Control Measures SLT's to move Recommended Controls of Existing Controls once the have been implemented:	ey	Likelihood occurrence recommence controls add 1-Very Unlil 2-Unlikely 3- Possible 4- Likely 5- Very Likelihood Probability occurrence on specific a being assess	after ded (L) kely ely of based activity	Impact (I) 1-Negligible 2- Minor 3- Moderate 4- Major 5- Extreme Impact = Estimate of harm based on specific activity being assessed	Overall Risk (L X I) + I <10 = Low 10-19 = Medium 20-30 = High	

Task / Activity Area	Hazard	Who might be harmed and how?	What are your existing controls?	Recommended Control Measures	Action by who/when	Risk post controls	Impact (I)	Overall Risk (L X I) + I
Entering the school	Biological hazard-Covid-19	Staff, parents and pupils could become infected with COVID-19. If so, they are likely to experience mild symptoms such as fever or cough. In severe cases, this could lead to severe illness and hospitalisation, and, in rare cases, even death	• Stagger dropoff and collection times • Parents not to enter school grounds • Entry into school should be direct into classrooms where possible • Pupil to be accompanied by only one parent • Visitors by appointment only • Government guidance to be followed. (see updated guidance opposite)	 Parents are aware to stay at home when a child or household member develops coronavirus symptoms and access testing. Schools communicates this regularly to parents and considers and posters put up around school to be aware of this. On entry to school, staff and pupils to wash their hands with soap and water for at least 20 seconds and hands dried or use alcohol hand rub or sanitiser ensuring that all parts of the hands are covered. Skin friendly cleaning wipes can be used as an alternative. Year 11,12, and 13 students will be temperature checked each morning before entry. Each Year Group will arrive at a staggered time, through separate entrances. Visitors to be kept to a minimum and should be managed so that social distancing and protective measures are explained on or before arrival. A record should be kept of all visitors. Face coverings (masks) must be worn where it is difficult to maintain social distancing. Therefore, when in corridors, stairways, the cafeteria and travelling between lessons, face coverings must be worn. When not being worn the covering should be placed in a sealed bag. All face coverings must be plain coloured. Masks worn in school must be separate to the one that 		2	3	(2X3) +3 = 9 (Low)

	was worn travelling to school. Upon arriv	val to
	school, the travel mask should be placed if	into a
	sealable plastic bag or disposed into a co	vered vered
	bin. All single use masks should be disposed	of in
	this way after use.	
	,	
	The DfE published guidance is intended to si	mply
	confirm that PHE do not recommend the use	
	face covering in schools in general. However	·, DfE
	colleagues clarified that where following	
	appropriate risk assessment(s) and supportive	
	discussions with staff, it may be appropriate	in
	individual circumstances or situations to	
	allow/enable staff to use face covering. To b	e
	100% clear - face coverings are not recommended but are not banned in any	
	circumstances within schools and may be	
	appropriate following risk assessment(s) and	or
	careful consideration.	
	Guidance for school offices can be found	
	<u>here</u>	
	Before re-entering school, some staff may fee	
	anxious. He/she should speak to his/her line	
	manager/SLT. Additionally, the school will p	
	for independent support if required for there counselling through Jacinta Bourke 01748	ару /
	901263.	
	701203.	
	The school would also acknowledge the over	r
	representation of BAME communities in infe	
	rates. This group's health will be closely	
	monitored and additional control measures	may
	be introduced in the event of developing	
	scientific evidence.	

Reducing exposure and transmission of Coronavirus	Biological hazard-Covid-19	Staff, parents and pupils could become infected with COVID-19. If so, they are likely to experience mild symptoms such as fever or cough. In severe cases, this could lead to severe illness and hospitalisation, and, in rare cases, even death	 Avoiding contact with anyone with symptoms Staggering start and finish times Minimising contact and mixing of groups Pupils and staff are in the same small groups each day, and different groups are not mixed during the day, or on subsequent days (staff members do not need to self-isolate as a precaution if they need to change 'bubbles') 	Covernment guidance to be followed. The early years foundation stage (EYFS) statutory framework still applies. Prevention: 1) Minimise contact with individuals who are unwell by ensuring that those who have coronavirus (COVID-19) symptoms, or who have someone in their household who does, do not attend school • Refer to dealing with suspected and confirmed cases below • Parents will be made fully aware of the symptoms through which their children should not attend school 2) Clean hands thoroughly more often than usual • Hand washing when arriving at school, when returning from breaks, when changing rooms, before and after eating. Pupils with complex needs should be helped to clean their hands properly. Skin friendly cleaning wipes can be used as an alternative, using additional handwashing facilities installed prior to September • Embed this as part of the new school culture through staff briefings, student virtual assemblies, tutors and staff.	HT/SLT 0109/20 Monitor daily HT/SLT/All staff 01/09/20 Monitor daily	3	3	(2X3) +3 = 9 (Low)

I		2) E 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	
	• <u>Government</u>	3) Ensure good respiratory hygiene by promoting	
	guidance to be	the 'catch it, bin it, kill it' approach	
	followed.		
		 Ensure that sufficient number of tissues and 	
		bins are available	
		 Ensure that those with complex needs are 	
		helped to get this right	
		4) Introduce enhanced cleaning, including	HT/Site Team
		cleaning frequently touched surfaces often, using	
		standard products such as detergents and bleach	01/09/20
		• Put in place a cleaning schedule that includes:	Monitor
		 More frequent cleaning of 	daily
		rooms/shared areas that are used by	
		different groups	
		 Frequently touched surfaces being 	
		cleaned more than normal	
		 Different groups do not need to be 	
		allocated their own toilet blocks, but	
		toilets will need to be cleaned	
		regularly and pupils must be	
		encouraged to clean their hands	
		thoroughly after using the toilet	
		5) Minimise contact between individuals where	
		possible	HT/SLT/AII
			staff
		 Children and staff will no longer need to be 	
		arranged in small, consistent groups as of the	01/09/20
		20 th July 2020.	
		 Where students can be organised into fixed 	Monitor
		groups e.g. banded, they will be, as will be	daily
		the case with younger students. From Year 9	
		students will have to mix more to enable	
		them to access the full range of subjects. Soft	
		staggered end of lesson times and instillation	
		of a one-way system around the school will	

				mitigate the risk of transmission. Students will remain in Year Group zoned areas during break and lunchtime. • Where professionals such as social workers, speech and language therapists or counselors are required, virtual appointments will be considered in the first instance. If they do need to attend in person, they need to closely follow the protective measures of the setting. The number of attendees should be kept to a minimum and social distancing should be maintained where possible. Response to any infection 6) Engage with the NHS Test and Trace process: • Refer to the specific guidance available on EGfL • Keep attendance records (staff, pupils and visitors) 7) Management of confirmed cases of coronavirus (COVID-19) amongst the school community- Will use the flow chart produced by Ealing Public Health 8) Contain any outbreak by following local health protection team advice Numbers 6 to 8 must be followed in every case where they are relevant	HT/SLT/ Medical Officer 01/09/20			
Reducing exposure and	Biological hazard- Covid-19	Staff, parents and pupils could become infected with COVID-19.	Avoiding contact with	Government guidance to be followed by schools. Prevention:		2	3	(2X3) +3 = 9

transmission of Coronavirus (KS1, KS2, KS3, KS4 and KS5 including Special Schools and AP's)	If so, they are likely to experience mild symptoms such as fever or cough. In severe cases, this could lead to severe illness and hospitalisation, and, in rare cases, even death	anyone with symptoms • Staggering start and finish times • Minimising contact and mixing of groups • Pupils and staff are in the same small groups each day, and different groups are not mixed during the day, or on subsequent days (staff members do not need to	 Minimise contact with individuals who are unwell by ensuring that those who have coronavirus (COVID-19) symptoms, or who have someone in their household who does, do not attend school Refer to dealing with suspected and confirmed cases below Clean hands thoroughly more often than usual Hand washing when arriving at school, when returning from breaks, when changing rooms, before and after eating Ensure good respiratory hygiene by promoting the 'catch it, bin it, kill it' approach Ensure that sufficient number of tissues and bins are available Ensure that those with complex needs are helped to get this right Embed this as part of the new school culture Some pupils with complex needs will struggle to maintain as good respiratory hygiene as 		(Low)
		different groups are not mixed during the day, or on subsequent days (staff members do	 Ensure that sufficient number of tissues and bins are available Ensure that those with complex needs are helped to get this right Embed this as part of the new school culture 		
		bubbles) • Government guidance to be followed.	 4) Introduce enhanced cleaning, including cleaning frequently touched surfaces often, using standard products such as detergents and bleach Put in place a cleaning schedule that includes: More frequent cleaning of rooms/shared areas that are used by 		

 Frequently touched surfaces being
cleaned more than normal
Different groups do not need to be
allocated their own toilet blocks, but
toilets will need to be cleaned
regularly and pupils must be
encouraged to clean their hands
thoroughly after using the toilet
o Individual and frequently used
equipment such as pens and pencils
should not be shared. Classroom
based resources such as books can be
shared but these should be cleaned
regularly. Subject areas will be given
additional funding to allow them to
provide bespoke text books for each
student.
Pupils to limit the amount of
equipment they bring in each day to
essentials such as; lunch boxes, hats,
coats, books, stationery and mobile
phones – and not share them. Bags
are allowed.
Books and other shared resources
can be taken home, although
unnecessary sharing should be avoided. Similar rules on hand
cleaning, cleaning of the resources
and rotation apply to these
resources.
Resources that are shared between
classes and 'bubbles' such as sports,
arts and science equipment should be
cleaned frequently and meticulously,
and always 'between bubbles', or
rotated to allow them to be left
unused for a period of 48 hours (72
hours for plastics) between use by
different bubbles.

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An assessment of the cleanability of
equipment used in the delivery of
therapies (for example,
physiotherapy equipment and
sensory equipment), to determine
whether this equipment can
withstand cleaning and disinfection
between each use (and how easy or
practical it would be to do so)
before it is put back into general use.
Where cleaning or disinfection is not
possible or practical, resources will
have to be restricted to one user, or
be left unused for a period of 48
hours (72 hours for plastics) between
use by different individuals.
5) Minimise contact between individuals and
maintain social distancing wherever possible (this
must be properly considered and measures put in
place by schools that suit their particular
circumstances)
Use of staff rooms should be minimised,
although staff must still have breaks during
the day – staff should maintain social
distancing in Team Staffrooms.
Maintaining consistent groups, where
possible is important.
o 'Bubbles' (year groups) should be
kept apart from other groups where
possible and older children should be
encouraged to keep their distance
within groups.
Limit interaction, sharing of rooms
and social spaces between groups as
much as possible
much as possible

All teachers and other staff can
operate across different classes year
groups, and schools whilst
maintaining social distancing (ideally
2m) as much as they can where
possible. In particular, staff should
avoid close face to face contact and
minimise time spent within 1 meter
of anyone.
o 2 meter zones will be installed
between teacher's desk/whiteboards
and I meter plus zones at classroom
doors.
o Small adaptations to classrooms to
be made to support social distancing
where possible. This includes seating
pupils side by side and facing
forwards.
o For children old enough, they should
be supported and encouraged to
maintain distance and not to touch
staff or their peers where possible
Large gatherings such as assemblies or
collective worship will not take place
during the autumn term.
Staggered end of lesson times will
mitigate against the low risk
associated with 'busy areas' such as
corridors and stairs.
Staggering break and lunch times will
provide further mitigation.
Where pupils are singing, chanting,
playing wind/brass instruments or
are shouting in music lessons, schools should consider how to reduce the
risk, including physical distancing,
playing outside where possible,
limiting group sizes to no more than
15, positioning pupils back-to-back

or side-to-side, avoiding sharing of instruments, and ensuring good ventilation. Singing, wind and brass playing should not take place in larger groups such as school choirs and ensembles, or school assemblies Some pupils with SEND will need specific help and preparation for the changes to the old routine. This will involve planning and the use of social stories in some cases, for example. Specialists, therapists, clinicians and other support staff for pupils with SEND should provide interventions as usual Where a pupil routinely attends more than one setting on a part time basis, for example they are registered at a mainstream school and an alternative provision for example, schools should work through the systems of controls collaboratively Visitors should be limited and managed so that social distancing and personal hygiene expectations are explained on or before arrival. A record should be kept of all visitors. 6) See use of PPE in the section below Numbers 1 to 4 must be in place in all schools, all	
the time Response to any infection 7) Engage with the NHS Test and Trace process:	

				 Refer to the specific guidance available on EGfL Keep attendance records (staff, pupils and visitors) 8) Manage confirmed cases of coronavirus (COVID-19) amongst the school community by using the flow chart produced by Ealing Public Health 9) Contain any outbreak by following local health protection team advice Numbers 7 to 9 must be followed in every case where they are relevant 			
Reducing exposure and transmission of Coronavirus Extra-Curricular provisions (after-school clubs)	Biological hazard- Covid-19	Staff, parents and pupils could become infected with COVID-19. If so, they are likely to experience mild symptoms such as fever or cough. In severe cases, this could lead to severe illness and hospitalisation, and, in rare cases, even death	• Provision previously closed (can resume in July 2020)	 Consideration to be given on how such provisions can work alongside schools' wider protective measures, including keeping children within their 'bubbles' where possible. If keeping pupils within their bubbles during the school day not possible, then small consistent groups should be formed. Schools to follow specific guidance on protective measures for out of school settings. This includes the consideration of group sizes. Keep attendance records (staff, pupils and visitors) 	2	3	(2X3) +3 = 9 (Low)

Outdoor activities including use of playgrounds	Biological hazard- Covid-19	Staff, parents and pupils could become infected with COVID-19. If so, they are likely to experience mild symptoms such as fever or cough. In severe cases, this could lead to severe illness and hospitalisation, and, in rare cases, even death	Stagger breaks and lunches Keep pupils in 'bubbles'	 Outdoor playground equipment should be more frequently cleaned. This would also apply to resources used inside and outside by wraparound care providers. Outdoor activities to be prioritised where possible, and large indoor spaces used where it is not, maximising distancing between pupils and paying special attention to cleaning and hygiene. Schools are able to work with external coaches, clubs and organisations for curricular and extra-curricular activities where safe to do so. Schools to follow specific Government advice on the phased return of sport and recreation. Keep attendance records (staff, pupils and visitors) 	2	3	(2X3) +3 = 9 (Low)
Educational visits	Biological hazard- Covid-19	Staff, parents and pupils could become infected with COVID-19. If so, they are likely to experience mild symptoms such as fever or cough. In severe cases, this could lead to severe illness and hospitalisation, and, in rare	Provision previously closed (can resume non-overnight domestic educational visits as of September 2020)	 There are likely to be very few educational visits as the school seeks to ensure recovery of lost teaching time in 2020. Where a visit does take place: Keep pupils with consistent groups Following the Covid-19 secure measures at the destination Make use of the local outdoor spaces. Early years providers can take small groups of children to outdoor public spaces, provided that they can demonstrate that they can stay 2 meters away from other people at all times. To carry out a risk assessment of all educational visits as per the Ealing Council 'There and Back Again' policy. Keep attendance records (staff, pupils and any contacts) 	2	3	(2X3) +3 = 9 (Low)

	cases, even death							
Biological hazard- Covid-19	Staff, parents and pupils could become infected with COVID-19. If so, they are likely to experience mild symptoms such as fever or cough. In severe cases, this could lead to severe illness and hospitalisation, and, in rare cases, even death	• Stagger lunch times, so that all children are not moving around the school at the same time. • Lunch in the groups pupils are already in, groups should be kept apart as much as possible and tables should be cleaned between each group • Before eating, Pupils to wash their hands with soap and water for at least 20 seconds and hands dried or	•	School kitchens to continue to operate but must comply to the guidance for food businesses on Coronavirus A limited lunch menu in the autumn term, and encouragement of packed lunches will mitigate the potential of transmission in this sensitive area. Only Year 11 will be allowed to eat lunch in the cafeteria. The school will reclaim scrubland and provide significantly increased seating for each Year Group zone to allow students to eat outside in comfort. Students will use sanitizing gel or appropriate wipes before leaving lesson prior to lunch. The dining hall is well ventilated through recently serviced ventilation units, including the fitting of new filters. Doors of the dining hall will be open during periods of occupancy.	HT/SLT/Site Team 01/09/20 Monitored daily	2	3	(2X3) +3 = 9 (Low)

			T	ı	
use alcohol					
hand rub or					
sanitiser					
ensuring that all					
parts of the					
hands are					
covered.					
• Pupils are					
encouraged not					
to touch their					
mouth, eyes					
and nose					
 Consider 	•	a one-way system will operate for movement			
one-way		around the school.			
circulation or					
place a divider					
down the					
middle of the					
corridor to					
keep groups					
apart as they					
move through					
the setting					
where spaces					
are accessed by					
corridors.					
• Where	•	The schools air conditioning system had new			
possible, all		filters installed in June. These will be replaced			
spaces should		in line with ensuring continued high quality			
be well		ventilation.			
ventilated using					
natural					
ventilation					
(opening					

			windows) or ventilation units. • Prop doors open, where safe to do so (bearing in mind fire safety and safeguarding-schools will need to make a decision on this and seek advice where needed), to limit use of door handles and aid ventilation.	Where possible doors will be opened to provide additional ventilation. Doors and handles will be cleaned regularly in line with other frequently used areas. HT/Site Team/All staff 01/09/20 Monitored daily	
Transport Arrangements	Biological hazard- Covid-19	Staff, parents and pupils could become infected with COVID-19. If so, they are likely to experience mild symptoms such as fever or cough. In severe cases, this could lead to severe illness and hospitalisation,	• Staff parents and students are encouraged to walk or cycle to their education setting where possible, or use private vehicles	 Schools, parents and students should follow the Coronavirus (COVID-19): safer travel guidance for passengers Dedicated transport providers to consider: How pupils are grouped together on transport (reflect bubbles that are adopted within schools) use of hand sanitiser upon boarding and/or disembarking additional cleaning of vehicles organised queuing and boarding where possible 	(2X3) +3 = 9 (Low)

Dealing with Right	and, in rare cases, even death		 distancing within vehicles wherever possible the use of face coverings for children over the age of 11, where appropriate, for example, if they are likely to come into very close contact with people outside of their group or who they do not normally meet Public transport: Use by pupils to be kept to a minimum, especially during peak times Face coverings to be used by children over the age of 11 		2	2	(2)(2)
Dealing with suspected and confirmed cases of Covid-19		• Where the child, young person or staff member tests negative, they can return to their setting and the fellow household members can end their selfisolation.	If a child, young person or staff member develops symptoms compatible with coronavirus, they will be sent home and the stay at home guidance followed. They should also get a test as soon as possible. All schools will be provided with a small number of home testing kits that they can give directly to parents/carers collecting a child who has developed symptoms at school, or staff who have developed symptoms at school, where they think providing one will significantly increase the likelihood of them getting tested. Advice will be provided alongside these kits. If a child is awaiting collection, they should be moved, if possible, to a room where they can be isolated behind a closed door, depending on the age of the child and with appropriate adult supervision if required. Ideally, a window should be opened for ventilation. If it is not possible to	HT/ SLT/ Medical Officer 01/09/20 Monitored daily	2	3	(2X3) +3 = 9 (Low)

isolate them, move them to an area which is at least 2 metres away from other people. If they need to go to the bathroom while waiting to be		
collected, they should use a separate bathroom if		
possible. The bathroom should be cleaned and		
disinfected using standard cleaning products		
before being used by anyone else.		
Additional actions include:		
Follow guidance on cleaning		
Inform Ealing Council (contact Steve		
Dunham: dunhams@ealing.gov.uk or		
07940546263 and Raj Chowdhury; chowdhuryr@ealing.gov.uk or 07568130165		
for advice)		
 Consider informing parents of students in the 		
relevant 'bubble' that a student or staff		
member has developed symptoms of		
COVID-19 (if was at school during the 'infectious period' 48 hours before and whilst		
symptomatic), but they are not required to		
self-isolate.		
Ensure stock of PPE in case further		
symptomatic cases on site		
Await test results (48-72 hours)		
Confirmed cases:	HT/SLT/	
If a child, young person or staff member tests positive the school should:	111/361/	
positive the serioof should.	Medical	
Contact Public Health England London	Officer	
Coronavirus Response Cell (LCRC) on 0300	01/09/20	
303 0450		
Inform Steve Dunham DunhamS@ealing.gov.uk or 07940 546 263)	Monitored	
or Raj Chowdhury	daily	
(ChowdhuryR@ealing.gov.uk or 07568		

130165) and the Council's public health team (publichealth@ealing.gov.uk)		
Public Health England should work with the		
school to:		
Undertake a risk assessment		
Identify and notify close contacts (e.g.		
students and staff within the relevant 'bubble') of the need to follow guidance for		
contacts of people with possible or confirmed coronavirus who do not live with		
the person including isolation for 14 days		
Identify any further actions needed		
Local outbreaks		
If a local area sees a spike in infection rates that is resulting in localised community		
spread, it will be decided which measures to		
implement to help contain the spread. The Department for Education will be involved in		
decisions at a local and national level affecting a geographical area, and will		
support appropriate authorities and		
individual settings to follow the health advice.		
Public Health England may advise a school or	HT/SLT/Govs	
a number of schools to close temporarily to help control transmission. Schools will also		
need a contingency plan for this eventuality. This may involve a return to remaining open		
only for vulnerable children and the children		
of critical workers, and providing remote education for all other pupils. In these		
circumstances the school would seek to		
deliver live lessons for all students through Microsoft Teams, with above groups		
supervised in school.		

Use of PPE Biological hazard-Covid-19	Staff, parents and pupils could become infected with COVID-19. If so, they are likely to experience mild symptoms such as fever or cough. In severe cases, this could lead to severe illness and hospitalisation, and, in rare cases, even death • Individual pupil risk assessment and/or behavioural support plan to be reviewed and updated. • Staff related risk assessments to be updated for those that are vulnerable, such as those who are pregnant	direct personal care (at a distance of less than 2 metres), the following PPE should be available for use by school staff:	HT/SLT/ Medical Officer 01/09/20 Monitored daily	2 3	(2X3) +3 = 9 (Low)
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Administering	Biological	Staff, parents	• Schools have	Information Service —children@ealing.gov.uk_tel. 0208 825 5588 The following Government video shows how PPE should be put on and taken off. PPE should be disposed of in line with Government guidance on cleaning in non-healthcare settings. Government guidance on PPE to be followed. • St John's Ambulance advice followed by first	Headteacher/	2	3	(2X3)
First aid/ Medication	hazard- Covid-19	and pupils could become infected with COVID-19. If so, they are likely to experience mild symptoms such as fever or cough. In severe cases, this could lead to severe illness and hospitalisation, and, in rare cases, even death	a suitable number of staff on duty • Schools have a first aid risk assessment and medication policy in place	 aiders during the Covid-19 pandemic. Guidance on the number of first aiders required provided here Administering first aid and medication risk assessments to be amended by schools Government PPE guidance followed. 	SLT/ Medical Officer 01/09/20 Monitored daily.			+3 = 9 (Low)

Leaving the school	Biological hazard- Covid-19	Staff, parents and pupils could become infected with COVID-19. If so, they are likely to experience mild symptoms such as fever or cough. In severe cases, this could lead to severe illness and hospitalisation, and, in rare cases, even death	Stagger drop- off and collection times Parents not to enter school grounds	•	Staff and pupils to wash their hands with soap and water for at least 20 seconds and hands dried or use alcohol hand rub or sanitiser ensuring that all parts of the hands are covered. Skin friendly cleaning wipes can be used as an alternative. Students leave at different times to reduce risk of transmission and alleviate pressure on public transport.		2	3	(2X3) +3 = 9 (Low)
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Likelihood:						
Very Likely	5	6	12	18	24	30
Likely	4	5	10	15	20	25
Possible	3	4	8	12	16	20
Unlikely	2	3	6	9	12	15
Very Unlikely	1	2	4	6	8	10
		1	2	3	4	5
	Impact:	Negligible	Minor	Moderate	Major	Extreme